## Ancient Greece Test 3 Study Guide

- 1. Herodotus
- 2. the meaning of historiai
- 3. Cyrus
- 4. Croesus
- 5. how the Persians governed the Greeks of Asia minor
- 6. satrapies
- 7. satraps
- 8. the benefits which Persian rule brought to the Greeks of Asia minor
- 9. the Royal Road
- 10. Darius
- 11. the daric
- 12. Darius' Scythian Expedition
- 13. Histiaeus' and Aristagoras' roles in the Ionian Revolt
- 14. the rebel appeal to mainland Greece
- 15. triremes
- 16. mainland Greek involvement in the Ionian Revolt
- 17. the burning of Sardis
- 18. the Battle of Lade
- 19. the failure of the Ionian Revolt
- 20. Persian treatment of Ionia after the Revolt
- 21. Mardonius
- 22. Persian advantages vis-à-vis the Greeks
- 23. Greek disadvantages vis-à-vis the Persians
- 24. Greek advantages vis-à-vis the Persians
- 25. Darius' diplomatic and intelligence preparations for the attack on Greece
- 26. Miltiades
- 27. Greek diplomatic and intelligence failures prior to Marathon
- 28. Eretria
- 29. Persian strategy in the Marathon campaign
- 30. Datis and Artaphernes
- 31. Demaratus
- 32. the tactics at the Battle of Marathon
- 33, the Plataeans
- 34. factionalism at Athens after Marathon: the sons of Miltiades and Xanthippus
- 35. Themistocles vs. the Alcmaeonids
- 36. democratic constitutional reforms at Athens during the 480s
- 37. Laurium
- 38. the origins of the trireme
- 39. the configuration of a trireme
- 40. trireme tactics
- 41. Xerxes
- 42. the Hellenic League
- 43. 'Medizers'
- 44. Persian strategy in 480 BCE

- 45. Greek strategy in 480 BCE
- 46. Leonidas
- 47. the Battle of Thermopylae
- 48. the Battle of Cape Artemisium
- 49. the attitude of Delphi in the invasion of 480 BCE
- 50. the role of Thebes in the invasion of 480 BCE
- 51. the Battle of Salamis
- 52. Mardonius' overtures to Athens
- 53. Pausanias
- 54. Mardonius' strategy at Plataea
- 55. the Battle of Plataea
- 56. the Battle of Mycale
- 57. Gelon
- 58, the Battle of Himera
- 59. demagogues
- 60. Hieron I
- 61. Spartan policy in the years after Plataea
- 62. Themistocles vs. Aristides, & Cimon after 479 BCE
- 63. the origins of the Delian League
- 64. the aims of Cimon's imperialism
- 65. the Battle of the Eurymedon
- 66. how Athens turned her 'coalition of the willing' into an Athenian empire
- 67. Persian resistance to Athenian imperialism
- 68. Cimon and Sparta
- 69. Ephialtes
- 70. the break between Athens and Sparta in 461
- 71. Ephialtes' reforms
- 72. the Egyptian Expedition
- 73. Pericles' background
- 74. Pericles' political reforms
- 75. Pericles' foreign policy
- 76. the Long Walls
- 77. the problem of supplying grain to Athens
- 78. the 'First Peloponnesian War' (460-445 BCE)
- 79. the transfer of the Delian League's treasury
- 80. the Peace of Callias
- 81. the loss of Athens' land empire
- 82. the Thirty Years' Peace
- 83. Amphipolis
- 84. the organization of the Athenian empire
- 85. cleruchies
- 86. Thucydides
- 87. our sources for the Peloponnesian War
- 88. the underlying causes of the Peloponnesian War
- 89. the immediate causes of the Peloponnesian War
- 90. Athenian rivalry with Corinth

- 91. Corcyra and the outbreak of the Peloponnesian War
- 92. the Potidaean affair
- 93. the Megarian Decree
- 94. Athens' alliance
- 95. Athens' strengths
- 96. the Peloponnesians' assets
- 97. the Athenian envoys' warning to Sparta
- 98. the Elephant vs. the Whale
- 99. the Archidamian War
- 100. Sparta's strategy against Athens
- 101. Pericles' strategy against Sparta
- 102. the Plague of 430-427 BCE
- 103. the consequences of Pericles' death
- 104. the Spartan treatment of Plataea
- 105. the Athenian treatment of Mytilene
- 106. Demosthenes
- 107. Pylos
- 108. Sphacteria
- 109. Cleon
- 110. Brasidas
- 111. the Battle of Amphipolis
- 112. the Peace of Nicias
- 113. Alcibiades
- 114. the Athenian treatment of Melos
- 115. why Athens launched the Sicilian Expedition
- 116. the desecration of the herms
- 117. the siege of Syracuse
- 118. Gylippos
- 119. the reasons for the failure of the siege of Syracuse
- 120. Decelea
- 121. the *probouloi*
- 122. Persia's role in the Peloponnesian War
- 123, the Four Hundred
- 124. the Five Thousand
- 125. Theramenes
- 126. Lysander
- 127. the Battle of Aegospotami
- 128. the peace terms at the end of the Peloponnesian War
- 129. the Thirty
- 130. Critias
- 131. the payment of salaries to state officials at Athens
- 132. which classes made up the Eupatrids at Athens
- 133. the meaning of 'liturgy' at Athens
- 134. the trierarchy
- 135. Pericles' reform of citizenship law in 451
- 136. the population of Athens in the fifth century

- 137. the Pnyx
- 138. the Council of 500
- 139. the prytanies
- 140. the heliaea
- 141. trial procedure at Athens
- 142. the archons in Periclean Athens
- 143. Athenian finances in the mid-fifth century
- 144. demagogues
- 145. the Old Oligarch
- 146. the role of aristocratic families in Athenian politics
- 147. metics at Athens
- 148. how slaves were acquired
- 149. the staple crops of Attica
- 150. the products made by Athenian industry

## **Essay Questions**

- 1. What role did Athens' trade policy play in Athenian imperialism between 460 and 430 BCE? Be specific and give examples.
- 2. What was the impact of the Peloponnesian War on Athens?
- 3. What was the impact of the Peloponnesian War on Sparta?
- 4. What political failures within Athens led to Athens' defeat in the Peloponnesian War?
- 5. What strategic mistakes led to Athens' defeat in the war?
- 6. How did Athens' imperial ambitions and acquisition of an empire corrupt Athenian democracy, politically and morally?